VAST CROWDS CHEER.

MASSED ABOUT BULLETINS A SEA OF HUMAN FACES IN FRONT OF

THE TRIBUNE BUILDING. THE THRONG ESTIMATED AT 150,000.

SUCH TREMENDOUS ENTHUSIASM NEVER KNOWN -MIGHTY OUTBURSTS OF PATRIOTISM AS

THE GOOD NEWS IS FLASHED FROM THE BOARDS-YELLING FRANTICALLY

LONG AFTER MIDNIGHT. The demonstrations that attended the announcement of McKinley's overwhelming victory in the city last night were simply volcanic. In the number of the multitudes that gathered and their eyes toward the various bulletin boards, in the enthusiasm with which they received the emblazoned records of the triumphant fight for National honor, last night's assembly exceeded anything ever known in this city, and it is doubtful if this country has ever seen its like be-

Never before has New-York been so anxious to get every piece of news regarding the progress of the great National fight. Never before have such crowds assembled at every point where the news was to be had. Never before have such shouts gone up at the sight of the returns from pivotal States. There were no such scenes even at General Grant's re-election as last night in New-York. The close of the neckand-neck campaign that Hayes won did not produce such enthusiasm. The election of Garfield and Cleveland and Harrison saw no such tremendous outbursts.

GATHERED AT EVERY POINT.

At every point in the city where the return were displayed dense crowds assembled long before night fell, and midnight found them still there, wearied from long standing and the excitement under which they labored, almost speechless from shouting, but still earnest and eager and determined. At the Circle, at Eighthave, and Fifty-ninth-st., at Herald Square, at Greeley Square, and at Madison Square reports were announced by the stereopticon, and humanity stood packed together for hours to see them. But it was in Newspaper Row and City Hall Park that the most remarkable scenes occurred. The crowd began to gather soon after noon, and increased in numbers steadily. Every newspaper in the row had its special bulletin fapressed more closely and waited for the first City Hall Park was a mass of humanity. The block extended away over to Broadway on both sides of the City Hall, through Mail-st, and well into Centre-st. It overran the sidewalks until they were obliterated. The sight from the windows of the Tribune Building was tremendous. the walls of the building. It did not move. It could not if it would, and would not if it could But when at times the lights flashed out the story of another gain for McKinley, the great sea heaved mightily where it lay, and the sound that rose to the sky was like the sound of many

CHAPTERS IN THE TALE OF VICTORY Almost every second the electric octopus flashed along its myriad arms into view of the thousands a new chapter in the tale of victory Hour after hour the throng stood in its tracks. Hour after hour the mighty roar rose above the city and floated skyward. From the windows, far above, the multitude looked like a vast sea of black, dotted with innumerable points of white, looking steadily up. Almost every second there glimmered faintly the light of a match as some one lit a cigar. The effect was that of inumerable will-o'-the-wisps darting swiftly hither and thither over the throng.

Early in the evening, before any definite re turns came in, the crowd contented itself with watching cartoons thrown on the screens by the stereopticons. These were varied with pictures of the Presidential candidates and wellknown public men. Both the candidates had their supporters, and they made plenty of noise for their favorites. Then the returns from New-York City began to be shown, and the real enthusiasm began to make itself known. Before long it became evident that the city had gone for McKinley, and every fresh bulletin was hailed with renewed acclaim. Soon afterward the New-England States began to send in their majorities for McKinley. One after the other, Maine, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Rhode Island, Vermont and New-Hampshire joined the victorious procession. But this had been expected. So the crowd held itself in check and waited for news from the pivotal States in the Middle West. Early returns from Illinois and Michigan were favorable, though incomplete, but the multitude was dumfounded when the telegraph brought the news of Mc-Kinley's vote in the South. The news from Kentucky and from Tennessee simply paralyzed the throng with delight, and then they began to roar in earnest. Wave after wave of shouts swept up as county after county in the South reported for sound money.

When Bryan's own State and his own district recorded their votes for his opponent, the enthusiasm of the crowd lost all bounds. As the returns from the South and from the pivotal States regan to come in more rapidly and showed in every instance McKinley gains, especially in quarters that had been universally conceded to Bryan, it was evident that there had been a Republican landslide.

THE FIRST TO TELL THE STORY.

The Tribune was the first paper to tell the waiting thousands that McKinley's election was assured, announcing at 8:45 that he was sure of 266 electoral votes, with 224 required for a choice. The crowd was dazed for an instant, not expecting assurance so soon. As the waiting thousands realized that the result of the great fight was no longer in the smallestdoubt, such a cheer went up as had not yet isen. A free-silver band near by struck up in the vain attempt to drown the sound. It might es well have competed with the roar of Niagara. Over City Hall Park swept the sound, taken up by thousands who could not see the bulletin and did not know what the shouting was for, but who were swept off their feet by the contagion of the roar. Soon afterward other papers confirmed The Tribune's announcement that Bryan was positively defeated, and the great shout was renewed. It was a mighty outburst of patriotism, such as New-York never saw before, but which might have been expected after that other patriotic demonstration of last Saturday.

election after 9 o'clock, the crowd did not diminish, but waited for details of the fight in all the States. It was not until long after midnight that there was any appreciable diminution in the size of the vast throng. It knew that sound money was safe and that repudiation had been repudiated, and that Bryan had been buried under an avalanche of ballots, but it wanted to know how the great battle had been fought, and it waited until it knew and until there was no more to be known. And all that time, up and around the tops of the tall buildings and away up toward the stars, there rose such a roar and such a din of human voices and the blast of horns that the wonder grew how anybody could shout

Although there was no doubt of McKinley's

A GOOD-NATURED GATHERING. with all its enthusiasm the immense record-

natured assembly. It trod upon its own feet and elbowed itself in its own ribs without losing its own temper in the least. It was too intent on other things, and though there were many Bryan men in the number they took their defeat in good part and no personal collisions were reported.

Chief Conlin and Acting Inspector Brooks were busy all evening looking after police arrangements for the night. At 8 o'clock word was received that there were such crowds watching the bulletin boards in Park Row that the police were unable to cope with them. Acting Inspector Brooks at once sent a sergeant and twenty-five policemen who were in reserve at Headquarters, to give assistance.

The Tribune's bulletins not only conveyed the first information of McKinley's election, but nearly all the more important announcements came first from the same source, and were fre roof of The Tribune Building the results were announced at the same time by means of the code published in yesterday's Tribune the daytime a number of kites were flown from the roof of the building. The kites were manufactured especially for the use of The Tribune, and in their construction the skill and experience of William A. Eddy, of Bayonne, N. J. were employed. In the afternoon nine of the kites were flown at one time and from one line. When all were well in the air, a big American flag was sent up the line until it waved far above the tops of the loftiest buildings. The flag was 15x21 feet, and such a large specimen of the Stars and Stripes was never before lifted so

far above the level of the earth. Just at nightfall the wind failed, so that th kites had to be taken in. This somewhat impaired the success of the signals by which The Tribune intended to flash the news of McKinley's election to a distance of at least thirty miles around the adjoining country. But in spite of this fact the signals were a success They were lifted upon halliards strung on the roof of The Tribune Building, and were visible and recognized for a long distance east and west, telling the story of McKinley's triumph before it was elsewhere announced. The kites will again be flown from The Tribune Building to-day, and the flag will once more wave from its unprecedentedly lofty altitude, and this time it will be the sign of victory assured, and not prospective.

A POWERFUL SEARCHLIGHT

During all yesterday evening a powerful searchlight, placed on the roof of The Tribune Building, flashed its powerful eye over the city, piercing the darkness with shafts of brilliant light and making places where it rested as light

The searchlight was one of the most powerful type ever built, and known as the "Rushmore Naval Projector," having been built by the Rushmore Dynamo Works of Jersey City. Although not of the largest size made at the works, its power was estimated at 40,000,000 candles, and its design was similar to that of

he great Rushmore projector at the Siegel-looper Building. Until recently searchlights have been compil-Until recently searchlights have been complicated and costly, and used only in the Navy. The lenses were imported from France at such enormous cost that only the Government could afford to pay for them. Realizing the importance of low prices, S. M. Rushmore, manager of the works, investigated the matter, and, after years of study and experiment, succeeded in producing the special glass castings required, and perfected a machine for grinding the lenses, which brought the cost to a fraction of that involved in the old method. He also perfected a lamp mechanism, which, while containing fewer parts than the common street lamp, will feed the heavy carbons as they are consumed fewer paris than the common street lamp, will feed the heavy carbons as they are consumed without the least variation. It will interest Americans to know that the Rushmore works have driven foreign competitors from the American market, and are now selling their apparatus in Europe and all over the world. This company gave a splendid exhibition last night of their high-power, projectors from the roof of their seven-story factory opposite Cortlandt-st., in Jersey City, In extent and grandeur this display is said to surpass anything ever attempted with fireworks. It was visible from all parts of New-York and Brooklyn.

OH! BUT THE WOE WAS THICK.

HOW THE NEWS STRUCK ST. JOHN'S

HEADQUARTERS. AT FIRST "JIMMY" OLIVER TRIED TO BUOY UP

UP IN DESPAIR A few of the faithful-wild-eyed, but hopefulgathered last evering in the Popocratic headquar ters at the Barthold! Hotel, and listened to the inspired utterances of "Colonel Jimmy" Oliver who read aloud the messages sent out over the long-distance telephone. A pall of deepest black hung over the establishment from the receipt of the earliest of the messages of fate, but it didn't shake "Colonel" Oliver's beautiful faith in Bryan To an inquiring free-sliver man he vouchsafed the information about 7 o'clock that "It looks as though New-York City had went 25,000 for McKinley and

New-York City had went 25,000 for Alexanders
the State 50,000, but that don't worry me."
"You see, these first districts we hear from are
the intelligent districts—the quick figurers," said
the intelligent districts—the quick figurers," said
stout man in a light overcoat. "The slow disa stout man in a light overcoat. "The slow dis-tricts will be all right." This insinuation that Bryan's strength was in the strongholds of stupidity met a sullen reception from the faithful, and the stout man repeated it several times, under the impression that his point was not under-

Terrific majorities from Brooklyn, Long Island Terrine majorities from Brooklyn, Long Island and up the State continued to hit the tired-looking little gathering, and the sepuichral silence was broken only by the sound of the McKinley fireworks, horns and cheers that floated in from Madison Square.

"We won't get no favorable news till the mountain districts are heard from," said the undis-couraged Oliver, and his auditors leaned up against the walls for support, and waited. A few favorable indications from Indiana and a Bryon maable indications from Indiana and a tryph ma-jority in a few wards in Troy caused a feeble cheer, which faded away under the disheartening reports from Chicago and Kentucky.

Mr. St. John appeared and addressed the multi-

tude on the inborn wickedness of the newspapers, displayed in claiming States for McKinley before the polls were closed. Half a dozen reports from Bryan election districts in New-York sent direct to the headquarters by faithful workers fired the Popo-cratte heart for a moment, but the news from Michigan extinguished even the fitful gleam of

Michigan extinguished even the fifful gleam of hope.

"My thoughts are all west of the Missouri," said the poetic Oliver. "This is nothing but from we're getting. Wait for the beer."

"This isn't beer, it's ice-water you're giving us, Jimmy," said a despairing silver man, and the shastly laugh went round.

There was only one happy man in the place and he, having a quart of champagne in him, increed about with the oft-repeated prediction that "Bryan" "Il win, hands down."

As the awful truth began to dawn, even on the free-silver mind, that overwhelming defeat was their portion, the few remaining listeners to "Colonel" Oliver's announcements descended to the "I told you so" mood, and went forth to darkness and despair.

At 235 o'clock Mr. St. John refused to give up New-York State to the Republicans, and insisted that only one-sided statements had been given out. "I am certain," he said, "that we will all be drinking Bryan's health in our coffee to-morrow morning. I am sure that Bryan will carry lilinois."

ANIMATED SCENES AMONG CLUBMEN MEMBERS THRONG THE ROOMS AT THE UNION LEAGUE AND REPUBLICAN CLUB HOUSES, *

The Union League Club house was the centre of brilliant scene last night. The elaborate and ornate decorations of Saturday remained on the Fifth-ave front of the building. A band offered patriotic airin continuous profusion. There was a large crowd of the curious-minded in the avenue. Inside the clubhouse the rooms were thronged with enthusiastic members who watched the bulletin board and passed the good tidings along. The Union League Club's headquarters have not presented a more animated. headquarters have not presented a more animated scene in the history of the present clubhouse. The

scene in the history of the present clubhouse. The members remained until a late hour.

Nearly across the way the members of the Republican Club filled the rooms of the headquarters, while the Tist Regiment Band made merry music from a stand erected in front of the building. A large number of the members belong also to the Union League Club, and these divided their attention between the two places. Confidence in McKinley's election took possession of the members of both clubs early in the evening, and soon settled into a satisfied conviction that honest and gound money and protection had won the day in gorlous manner. The news from this city was particularly gratifying to all.

The Sound Money Democrats at the Manhattan

Club seemed even more joyous than the honest-money advocates at the Union League and the Re-publican clubs. The basement of the Stewart man-sion was crowded with Democrats who were jubilant over the returns.

JOY AT HEADQUARTERS.

MANAGERS OF THE REPUBLICAN CAM-PAIGN RECEIVING THE GOOD NEWS

THEY WATCH THE RETURNS EAGERLY AND SEND IMPORTANT DETAILS TO CANTON-TELE-

MAJOR M'KINLEY

The headquarters of the Executive Committee of the Republican National Committee was in a turmoil last night. For two weeks the campaign in the East had dragged along in a listless man-ner, but last night the apathy vanished, and the white building at Madison-ave, and Twenty-thirdst, was ablaze with light and restless with activity. Early in the evening the campaign managers arrived, and later in the evening prominent Rep cans dropped in to hear the news, and went a cans dropped in to hear the news, and went away with smiling faces or stayed to hear later returns The whole headquarters was in a fever of excite ment. The headquarters was connected with

gers on the Western battle-ground General William McKinley Osborne, secretary of Executive Committee. Veteran campaigner that he is, he was in a whirl of excitement, and fairly hopped about as the returns began to come in. As the little white slips rolled in steadily and each one brought more cheering tidings, he

telephone, and so the managers were in communi-

became less restive, and a smile of serene content ment overspread his face.

WAITING FOR THE RETURNS Mr. Manley, Mr. Scott, Mr. Clayton, Mr. Bliss, Colonel Swords and others gathered in General Osborne's room early in the evening and waited for Every time a bulletin was posted Joseph H. Manley, eigar in mouth, would critically survey it and then refer to a little card he had in his hand. After mature deliberation he said with a chuckle: "I have been a political prophet for a good many years, but I have never hit nearer the

Among those who dropped in in the course of the evening were Mayor Strong, C. C. Shayne, Collis P. Huntington, Henry W. Cannon, J. Pierpent Morgan, Samuel Fessenden, Captain Jack Crawford, Murat Halstead, James G. Blaine, J. Edward Sim mons, George Bliss, Andrew Carnegie, Charles Stewart Smith, D. Ogden Mills, General T. H. Hubbard, General Anson G. McCook, Richard T. Wilson Mrs. M. A. Hanna, Edward Lauterbach, Mrs. Lauterbach, Frederick S. Gibbs, Mrs. Frederick D. Grant, Clarence W. Meade, Whitelaw Reid and General W. S. C. Wiley.

CONGRATULATIONS TO MAJOR M'KINLEY. As the night wore on, and it became mo more evident that McKinley's election was assured congratulation began to fly like snowflakes. congratulation began to fly like snowflakes. Every one of those who have been attending to the campaign in the East sent telegrams of congratulation to Major McKinley early in the evening.

Mr. Scott's telegram read: "For eight years I have waited for the pleasure of congratulating you upon your election as President of the United States. I now have that pleasure."

Mr. Scott's telegram to Mr. Hobart was unique and was addressed to Mrs. Hobart. It read: "Take care of our next Vice-President. His country needs him."

care of our next Vice-President. His country needs him."

The returns from the South were most satisfactory to all. Mr. Scott, who has been in charge of the work in the Southern section, has been defing yeoman's service, and to bim belongs much of the credit for driving home the wedge which opens the way for the disintegration of the "solid South."

Mr. Manley was serene and calm all the evening. "Maine goes Republican by 50,00 plurality," read a bulletin. Mr. Manley picked it up and said dryly: "That is about what I predicted. Now I wish to state embhatically that I am no rainbow chaser." Mr. Manley and General Clayton started to figure on the returns early in the evening. It proved to be a sliding scale, and a series of telegrams containing the results was sent to Canton. The first gave Major McKinley 25 electoral votes, then it jumped to 28, then 25, and finally was fluttering around 350.

When it was finally assured beyond the slightest doubt that McKinley was elected, and the only question was the plurality, the tension was relieved. The members of the Executive Committee and the guests partook of a nuncheon, and the remainder of the evening was spent in figuring on the majority and in the interchange of congratulations.

A DISGUSTED CROWD IN AND AROUND THE WIG WAM-WHAT SHEEHAN SAYS.

street in front of Tammany Hall was packed with people by the time the transparency man was ready for business last night. The big upstairs' hall filled up slowly, for the braves were packed into the public room downstairs, where they might watch the movements of John C. Sheehan, who sat at a long table in the rear room, and read messages of one sort and another, mostly discouraging, thought deeply and looked passing serious. was no enthusiasm on the street, and an almost culien silence pervaded the perspiring throng in the ig waiting-room.

The ticker began its enter; ainment shortly before To'clock, and a young man bent over it, solicitously scanning the tape; but no comfort could be gathered from the refrain it was ever singing. That refrain was "McKinley," and with every repetition of the phrase the assembly grouned. As late as 6 o'clock John C. Sneehan declared that Bryan would carry New-York State by 20,000 majority. At 8 o'clock he said it looked as if the State and the city would both said it looked as if the State and the city would both go for McKinley. At 7:20 o'clock Secretary John McGoldrick appeared on the stage in the main hall, and was greeted with wild cries. He told the assembly that the Republican managers were repeating the tactics of 1884, and were holding back the returns from the West. "If Mr. McKinley was elected Prest-dept of the United States." dent of the United States we would have the news now," he shouted, and Tammany thought it believed Then he continued: "If Kings County gives a majority for Bryan, don't be afraid of the State."
His listeners tried their level best to get some comfort out of this doubtful statement. Then he asked patience for returns from New-York, and re-Meanwhile, downstairs, the ticker was singing a Republican song, and the managers waited in vain for something that would encourage the crowd. It was an almost hopeless task, for the boys in the

gallery did not want any perennial information. At 8 o'clock the Tammany managers had grad-ually withdrawn from the public view. The crowd groaned at 3 o'clock, when the young man at the ticker read out with cold-blooded exactness:

groaned at 9 o'clock, when the young man at the ticker read out with cold-blooded exactness:

"Chicago-546 election districts give McKinley 197,000; Bryan, 76,090."

"That settles 11, said an individual at the reporter's elbow, in a deeply diagusted tone. Then the ticker man got facetious, and rattled off that McKinley had 125,000 in 1,150 districts in New-York; "Bryan nothing."

The meeting upstairs broke up at 9 o'clock. As the crowd struck the street the news was thrown on the small canvas to the effect that thirty districts outcide the city gave Bryan 2,760 and McKinley 2,110. Then a wild cheer went up; but the knowing ones smiled grimly and were not at all supprised when "Good night" appeared on the canvas at 9,30 o'clock.

Mr. Sheehan had the accompanying statement ready for circulation at \$30 o'clock.

"The Democracy of the city and county of New-York made a brave struggle against tremendous odds. The result was unexpected. We had hoped that the plain people of the city would respond to the call, and stand by their champion, William J. Bryan. However, the battle inaugurated this year will be continued until the money of the Constitution is re-established. Like the crusade for the abolition of slavery, our fight will go on until gold and siliver are restored to the place provided for in the Constitution."

the Constitution."

To a Tribune reporter just before 10 o'clock he said. "We concede the State and the city, but we will save, we think, a half-dozen Congressmen."

He could not give any figures, as he said the returns were not complete enough to warrant it. At 10 o'clock there were not 250 people in and around Tammany Hall.

O. F. HALL DISAPPEARS.

CASH ASSETS OF THE STOCKMANS COMMISSION COMPANY OF CHICAGO, OF WHICH HE IS CONFIDENTIAL MAN, ARE

ALSO MISSING. Chicago, Nov. 3 .- O. F. Hall, confidential man for the Stockmans Commission Company, doing business at the stockyards, has disappeared, and the officers of the concern assert that the entire assets officers of the concern assert that the character of the company, amounting to \$24,000 in cash and of the company, amounting to \$24,000 in cash and negotiable securities, are not to be found. whereabouts are not positively known, but it is inti-

negotiable securines, are not positively known, but it is intimated that a widow, who lives in a Western city, may know something about him.

It is said that some time ago he became acquainted with the woman and became enamored of her. She was in Chicago a iew days ago, and it is believed Hall has left town with her. Hall's disappearance, presumably with the funds of the corrent has forced the Stockmans Commission Company to cease business. It has sent word to the banks and its patrons that it will not resume.

Hall was for years the trusted man for the Campbell Commission Company, and when that concern failed he became confidential man for the Stockmans Commission Company. J. H. Campbell, the president of the insolvent concern, after twenty-three years of active business life at the stockyards, is now forced to look for a position among his old associates.

BROOKLYN ALMOST SOLID.

THE WHOLE CONGRESS DELEGATION RE-

A PLURALITY FOR M'KINLEY OF OVER 31,000-"OUR TIM" AND FRANK S. BLACK HAVE ABOUT 20,000 VOTES TO THE GOOD

GAINS FOR THE ASSEMBLY.

Brooklyn's verdict upon Bryan and all candidates who had the courage to have their names placed upon the ticket under his name was so emphatic that the Popocrats' most ardent supporters were forced admit early last evening that they were the worst whipped lot of men that have asked for the approval of the city's voters for a number of years. Early in the day the straws began to blow all in one direction, and as evening approached the confidence of the Republicans increased 100 per cent. After the re-turns had come in from a half-dozen election dis-tricts the whole story was told, and the Popocrats, whose official spokesman was Chairman York of their Campaign Committee, "threw up the sponge." The Republicans, on the other hand, were every-

where in evidence, and their jubilation over results in Brooklyn, as well as in the State and country at large, knew no bounds. As the evening advanced the glad tidings poured in from North, South, East and West, and every spot in the city where crowds congregated to get the returns be-

came scenes of wild jubilation.

The estimates given out by Chairman Brenner of the Republican Campaign Committee were shown by the city's returns to be exceedingly conservative. The city's total vote was:

105,840 76,949 3,710

Every one of the five Congress districts returned its Republican Representatives. In the Hd Dis trict the candidacy of William C. Redfield, the National Democrat, who expected to run away with the scalps of Denis W. Hurley and John W. Clancy, proved to be ineffectual, Mr. Hurley won by a safe margin, although the exact figures could be obtained last night.

Of the twenty-one Assembly districts the Republicans carried sixteen. McKinley ran ahead of all the State and local candidates, but the State linees received ample majorities. The vote for Governor was:

The four Republican candidates for the Supreme Court received substantial majorities. In short, the only Republicans who did not win were the Assembly candidates in the strongest Democratic districts.

Many interesting lessons are shown by the det

eports from the wards and election districts. Mayor Wurster's district-the Fifth of the Nineteenth Ward-gave a Republican gain over last year of 128. The Fourteenth District of the First Ward, where Hugh McLaughlin lives, showed a Republican gair of 131. There were dozens of districts in which Me of ist. Increased the Kinley had seven or eight votes to Bryan's one. While the Republican districts, almost without exception, showed substantial increases, there was a sponding falling off of Democratic strength in he Democratic strongholds. The entire vote polle was phenomenally large, being at least 93 per cent

The detailed vote for the Presidential Electors fol-

				189		Regis-
Ward.	MEKink	1896. y. Bryan	Pal'r.	Palmer.	King.	1896.
*** #11/11	-		100	1,885	1.915	4.885
1	2,946	1.417		281	1.218	1.798
3	462	1.156	13	1.601	1.673	4,013
3	2,395	1.302	57	909	1.480	3,112
1	1.355	1,300	32	784	2.361	3.702
3	1.129	2,163	206	1.911	4,428	7,812
6	2,919	4,002		3,678	3.327	8,40
7	4.906	2,568	220	2 372	3,470	5.017
8	3.660	3,500		2.697	3,946	N 100
9	4.288	3,304	182		4.619	7,456
10	2,994	4,004	114		2 208	5.034
11	2.806	1,921	38	993	3,314	5,271
12	1,530	-3,001	11.7	2.383	2.027	50.000
13	2,946	2,031			3,072	4 943
14	1.511	2,898	32	1,187	2,297	6.061
15	3,140	2,307	rici			6,90
16	3,250	2,607	81	2,500	2,486	10.07
17	4,597	4, 4195	1969		4.112	
15	1,628	1.813	29	1,210	1,005	3,83
19	4.465	2.281	166	3,583	2.436	
20	# 3.510	1.479	131		2.024	5,84
91	0.110	35,808	188	4.516	4,004	11,600
00	6.561	4.244	213		4,677	12,171
23	9.701	2,160	- 432	7,080	3,472	12,908
	2.803	1.563	101	1.911	2,000	4,831
	5.578	2,360	2005	3,961	2.723	8.83
20	5.314	3.212	134		3.154	9,49
	3.025	2.254	62	2.154	2,306	6.42
	7.744	3.872	198	5 137	3,727	12,920
244	1.005	1,416	66	1,296	1,489	3,536
	1.793	1976	77	1.133	1.281	3.3(6)
21	1.018	541	34	763	1,050	2,12
32	726	323	225	330	305	1.190
Totals	105 840	76.949	8.710	77,577	84 199	207,216

McKinley's plurality, 31,891.

The vote on the State ticket is given here in de

-		1004			1895	
Ward.	Black.	Porter.	Griffin.			1896.
		1,003	2006	1.885	1.914	4.845
1	2.745	1.141	17	281	1.218	1,798
2	440	1 391	123	1,091	1.673	4.013
ä	2.209	1.483	55	0000	1.480	3,112
	1.441	2 355	85		2 361	3,702
·	1.050		253	1.911	1 105	7.812
	2,763	4.122	351	3,676	40 0000	8,408
7	X 400 k	20800	133	44 March 1	3,470	8,015
8	3.579	3,535	149.00		20.00.442	S. 198
9	2.971	3,366	141	1.959	4.619	7,456
0		4,915	113	1.911	0.008	5,034
1	2,544	1 1000	-	992	3.314	5,271
2	1.477	3.231	107	2,383	19.43/87	5,389
3	2.871	2.249			3,072	4. SHIN
	1,399	3,129	32	1,187	9.207	6.061
	3,119	2,456	118	2.677		6.000
6	2.952	2,803	103	2,555	2,456	
A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	1 4 997	4,626	116	3,615	4.112	10,078
	1,308	1.914	25	1,210	1.695	3,834
	4,462	2.212	211	3,533	2,436	
	8,460	1.635	203	2,763	2.024	5.843
0	5 800	4.621	272	4,516	4.094	11,003
1	6,790		512	4.647	4.677	12,171
2	1 2 200	2,350	649	7.089	3,472	12,968
A	9.205	1.680	111	1 011	2.000	4.535
4	2,726	2,323	270	3.961	2,723	8.834
5	5,364	3,354	133		3.154	9.493
	4,990	2,557	118	2.154	2.326	6.428
7	2. 6 5 5 7	A. 181.55		5, 137	3,727	- 12.920
	7,853	4.022	130	1.296	1.359	3.536
	1.678	1,334	100	1,133	1,281	3,067
10	1,612		7.0	703	1.050	
11	1.012			330	305	
2	636	358	10	49017	200.00	

102,430 | \$1,628 | 5,366 | 77,577 | \$4,490 207,216 The latest returns on the State vote indicated a gain of five Assemblymen for the Republican ticket, the figures indicating the election of the

1 ort. H ₀ Wagstaff (R.). 2 John McKeewn (D.). 3 Thomas H. Cullen (D.). 4 Thomas H. Cullen (D.). 5 John C. Knaup (R.). 5 John C. Knaup (R.). 5 J. H. Parshall (R.). 5 James Lennon, F. (D.). 6 W. L. Perkins (R.). 1 L. S. Rayliss (R.).	12 Henry E. Abell (R.). 13. *0. L. Forrester (R.). 14 George E. Rodgers (R.) 15 Joseph Murray (R.). 16. *Edward C. Brennan (R.). 17. *Heffry Marshall (R.). 18. George I Soper (R.). 19. Charles Nulanz (R.). 20. *F. G. Hughes (R.). 21. Henry French (D. & P.).
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A NEGRO SHOOTS HIS LANDLADY.

THE VICTIM EXPECTED TO DIE-ATTACKED

WHILE HER HUSBAND IS AT THE POLLS. Harry Fillmore, a colored porter, twenty-seven years old, who lives at No. 224 West Forty-seventht., shot and dangerously wounded Mrs. Mary Bagley, also colored, in her apartments in the basement of No. 248 West Forty-seventh-st, at noon yesterday The woman, who was shot in the stomach, was taken

to Roosevelt Hospital. She may die. Bagley, the woman's husband, keeps a small restaurant. Fillmore boarded with him and his wife until bout four weeks ago, when Bagiey became jealous and told him to move. Fillmore did so. He did not visit the restaurant again until yesterday morning. Bagley was then at the polis as a Republican worker. Mrs. Ragiey, when Fillmore entered, told him that her husband did not want him in the place and advised him to go away. A dispute over some washing which the man said he had left behind him followed, and Fillmore drew a pistol and shot the woman in the stomach.

Fillmore ran after the shooting, but was followed by two policemen and captured after a stubborn resistance. When he is arraigned in Yorkville Police Court it is probable that the charge of murder will he made against him, as late last night his victim was not expected to live many hours. and told him to move. Fillmore did so. He did not

SAYS HE IS HEIR TO \$2,000,000. If the story told by Antonio Segul, a drug clerk employed in Maspeth, Long Island, be true, he wi soon be the possessor of an estate in Florida valued at \$2,000,000. Segul says that his father was a direc descendant of Father Antonio Segul, who settled in Florida about 1900, and became the possessor of a large estate, which was inherited by his father. Segul says that he is now the only heir to it. The estate consists of about 3,000 acres of valuable land. Segul has taken steps to recover possession of it.

THE NEW SPANISH LOAN AUTHORIZED. London, Nov. 3 .- A dispatch from Madrid to the United Associated Presses says that Queen Regent Christina has signed a decree authorizing the con-traction of a loan of 400,000,000 pesetas, secured by Treasury bonds, and has also authorized the pur-

Treasury bonds, and has also authorized the pair chase of 5,000 kilogrammes of silver builton in London.

Madrid, Nov. 3.—Premier Canovas del Castillo is suffering from a catarrhal affection which con-fines him to his house, and Cabinet councils are consequently suspended pending his recovery.

THE RETURNS IN LONDON.

MR. M'KINLEY HAS WON A SPLENDID VIC-TORY, SAYS "THE STANDARD."

NEVER BEFORE HAS SUCH KEEN INTEREST BEEN

DISPLAYED IN THE CITY OVER AN

London, Nov. 3 .- In its issue to-morrow "Th

Standard," commenting upon the election returns received from the United States, will say "Mr. McKinley has doubtless won a splendid victory. The mere silence of the Bryanites con firms the belief that they have sustained a crushing defeat. Even the indefinite preliminary announcement of the result of the election will go far to restore calm in commercial circles."

As an illustration of the great interest dis played here in the Presidential election in the United States the fact may be cited that a large number of Americans and others gathered this evening at Effingham House, Arundel-st., Strand, where are situated the London offices of the United Associated Presses, for the purpos of obtaining the earliest possible information regarding the result. The bulletins sent from New-York, giving the results as soon as they were known there, were eagerly scanned and commented upon according to the political faith of their readers. Most of the guests of the United Associated Presses have announced their intention to remain all night if necessary to

learn definitely how the election has gone.

Never before has such keen interest been displayed in this city over the result of an American election. Much praise has been bestowed upon the very prompt, officient and impartial service furnished by the United Associated

service furnished by the United Associated Presses.

"The Daily Chronicle" and the many provinctal papers which are clients of the United Associated Presses are displaying in their office windows the bulletins which are received at Effingham House by cable and immediately fowarded to them by telegraph.

Elaborate preparations have been made at the various telegraph offices in the city, the West End and Piccadilly to announce the result of the election.

THE RUSH TO AMERICA TO VOTE. PICTURES OF M'HINLEY AND HOBART IN LON REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE.

were sojourning in London returned home on board the steamships sailing within the last fortnight, for the purpose of voting. Those who were tented themselves with second-cabin passage, and some of them went in the steerage rather than lose their votes.

Great interest is being taken in the election in London, and the Stars and Stripes and pictures of McKinley and Hobart abound in the American resorts. There has been a good deal of betting or the result of the election, some of the bets being at agers of the steamship companies say that nearly all of the Americans who returned home to vote were goldites. It is estimated that \$500,000 in bets has been piaced on the result. Colonel Wilson, of Chicago, made a wager of \$1,000 even to-day that McKinley would be elected. The bet was taken by E. C. Fuiton, a Chicago Bryanite. Besides the ordinary election bets there has been considerable freak betting. General Morgan, a Brooklyn silverite, made a bet in which he engaged in the event of Bryan's defeat to have all of his teeth drawn. In the event of McKinley's defeat his opponents, four in number, agree to have their beards and mustaches shaved off. The parties to the bet are under a penalty of \$500 each in case of failure to fulfil the terms of the wager, and articles have been signed and witnessed to that effect.

The West End hotels have made similar arrangements to post election bulletins this evening, and many of the clubs have made similar arrangements. Several prominent statesmen residing out of town will remain in London over night in order to learn the result. agers of the steamship companies say that nearly

THE FRENCH PRESS ON THE ELECTION BRIEFLY," SAYS THE "TEMPS," "AS BETWEEN M'KINLEY AND BRYAN, THE SOLUTION IS SIM-PLY A STATUS QUO OR REVOLUTION."

Paris, Nov. 3.—The "Temps," in its issue this orning devotes a leading editorial to the Presilential election in the United States, in which it ays: 'When the sun sets to-day the Great Re-public will have decided one of the gravest conoversies that have agitated that country since the foundation of the Government, and the electors will have pronounced between two radi-cally opposed tendencies—one continuing the nor-mal development of the States, and the other impelling the country toward unknown horizon Briefly, as between McKinley and Bryan, the

s the first time in America, and, perhaps, the first ime in the world, that a like contest has been

time in the world, that a like contest has been engaged in upon questions lying upon the foundations of social order, with the issue pending upon a single throw of the dice."

The "Matin" says: "Europeans expect nothing from the triumph of one candidate or the other. With Bryan we are exposed to the consequences of free trade, and with McKinley we are confronted with tariff restrictions."

The "Fixaro" says: "The triumph of the silverties will mean that European holders of American securities will receive for their coupons paper hased upon silver worth in money only 50 per cent of what they should receive, and America will expropriate from all of her creditors one-half of their holdings."

BETTING ON THE LONDON 'CHANGE. London, Nov. 3.-The Stock Exchange was the cene of unusual excitement to-day, more tim seling devoted to betting on the result of the Presi-tential election in the United States than in the onduct of legitimate business. Throughout the on McKinley. Some of the large financial and rokerage firms will remain open all night to reelve the results of the election, and many big
ouses are in expectation that there will be a mad
ush to engage in transactions at the opening of the
market to-morrow.

A SPANISH TOWN WIPED OUT.

HUELVA OVERWHELMED BY A TIDAL WAVE THE STEAMER CARTAGENA SUNK-MANY LIVES LOST.

London, Nov. 3 .- A dispatch from Madrid to The Central News" says that the town of Huelva, in the province of that name, has been swept by a tidal wave from th. Atlantic Ocean. No details are given, but the report says it is known that the loss of life has been terrible. The steamer Cartagena fas overwhelmed by the great wave, and most of the persons on board of

Huelva is a maritime town of Spain, capital of the Province of Huelva, on an inlet of the Atlantic, forty-nine miles west-northwest of Seville, the terminus of two railways, and has an trade by sea. The population of the town is 12,000.

THEY DIED ALMOST TOGETHER.

SUDDEN DEATH OF THE PROTESTANT BISHOP OF KILLALOE FOLLOWED BY THAT OF HIS WIFE. London, Nov. 3 .- The Right Rev. Frederick Richards Wynne, Protestant Bishop of Killaloe, dropped dead in the street in Dublin to-day. A dispatch from Dublin to the Central News says that Mrs. Wynne, the wife of the Bishop, was found dead in her bed an hour after her husband's death.

ANOTHER RIFFIAN OUTRAGE.

MOORISH PIRATES CAPTURE A FRENCH VESSEL BUT ARE OBLIGED TO GIVE HER UP OWING TO AN ATTACK BY SPANIARDS. Washington, Nov. 3.-Consul-General Burke, a

Washington, Nov. 3.—Consul-General Burke, at Tangier, Morocco, reports to the State Department, in his dispatch of October 15, that another act of piracy was committed by the Moors off the Riffian coast, on October 8. A French sailing vessel was attacked by about 100 Riffians in small boats about twenty miles off Cape Bouen (Cape Babazun). As soon as the attack became known on shore the Spanish Governor of Albucemas and some of the Spanish colony at once set out, in the some of the Spanish colony at once set the little steamer Sevilla, to render aid to the French vessel. They arrived in time to capture three of the pirates' boats, which were on the point of pushing off for the shore with prisoners and piunpushing off for the shore with prisoners and plun-der. The Spaniards boarded the French vessel, which was in possession of the pirates, and, after a severe struggle, succeeded in rescuing the cap-tain and a member of the crew. The Spaniards are reported to have had one man killed and four or five severely wounded. Some of the wounded have since been reported as having died.

the wounded have since been reported as having died.

It is also reported that some of the crew of the French vessel have died from their wounds.

A French man-of-war arrived at Tangier on October 15, and others were expected on the 16th, among them a Spanish war vessel.

WHAT WILL FRANCE DO!

THE GOVERNMENT INTERPELLATED ON THE ARMENIAN QUESTION.

GREAT EXCITEMENT IN THE CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES-STRONG SPEECHES MADE BY M. DENYS, COUNT DE MUN, AND THE MIN-

> ISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS. Paris, Nov. 3.-In the Chamber of Deputies today M. Denys, Deputy for Cochin China, interpellated the Government, demanding to know what action France would take in defence of the Armenians. Continuing his remarks, he asked what the Powers had done since 1890 in defence of a race whose sufferings were with parallel in history. M. Denys then recapitulated the horrors of the massacres in Asia Minor and Constantinople, during the recital of which the Chamber was greatly agitated.

> The Deputy for Cochin China declared that it was the duty of France to interfere in the name humanity to prevent the occurrence of fur her massacres. In order to effect this, he said would be necessary to make a clean sweep of

> his corner of Europe and to guarantee protecion not only to Christians, but to Turks, as well. The whole of civilized Europe was interested in the purification of Turkey, and France had a right to convoke her allies and all Europe to undertake the task.

> The remarks of M. Denys elicited great applause.

Count Albert de Mun then followed M. Denys in a speech, in which he declared that sadder even than the Armenian atrocities was the inertia with which Europe tolerated such outrages.

Count de Mun, continuing, said that, although the responsibility of the Porte for the outrages was denied, it had been proved that Turkis officials had taken part in the atrocities and had directed and commanded the massacres which took place in Constantinople on August 26 before the very eyes of the officers of the foreign guardships and the passengers on board the French steamer Girondel, yet the authors of the massacres had not been punished. On the contrary, he declared, the officials who were the fomenters of the outrages had been rewarded.

MM. Delafosse and Hubbard approved and emphasized the remarks of Count de Mun, and M. Hanotaux, Minister of Foreign Affairs, followed M. Hanotaux said that the Armenian movement would not have taken upon itself such an intensity if contact with Europe had not imbued certain Armenians with a desire for indepe dence. The excesses of the Ottoman Government he said, had furnished legitimate motives for complaint, and . hen the question assumed an aspect of grave importance, England understood

the danger of acting alone. France does not forget the traditions religious protectorate which she exercised in the Orient, nor the bonds which unite her to the Ottoman Empire, but she must proportion her effort to the extent of all the tasks devolving upon

her.

M. Jaures, the Socialist leader, replying to M. Hanotaux, said that the Sultan had been frequently admonished, but without result. The remarks of M. Hanotaux, he said, left the whole question open. He reproached the Foreign Minister for endeavoring to render the Armenians solely answerable for their troubles in the responsibility for which Europe and the Sultan were involved.

M. Devalle moved the order of the day approving the declarations of the Government, and the action was adopted by the Chamber.

TRUE BILL AGAINST THE CASTLES.

VERDICT OF THE GRAND JURY OF THE CLERKENWELL SESSIONS-A POWERFUL DEFENCE IN PREPARATION. London, Nov. 3 .- The Grand Jury of the Clerkenwell Sessions, after consideration of the case

of Mr. and Mrs. Walter M. Castle, of San Francisco, yesterday returned a true bill against both prisoners on a charge of shoplifting. Sir Frank Lockwood, one of the counsel for the defence, informed a representative of the United Associated Presses this morning that at the meeting of the counsel held at the chambers of Sir Edward Clarke yesterday the lawyers arranged the details of a powerful defence.

Disease and death often lurk in a continuously neglected cold, when it might be speedily eradicated with a few doses of Dr. D Jayne's Expectorant...

DIED. BARNARD-At Flushing, N. Y., on November 2, at the residence of her sister, Mrs. George Newton, Elizabeth residence of her sister, our partial residence of her sister, our partial residence at 4 o'clock, at 4 o'clock, neement at convenience of the family.

BELL-At New-Rochelle, N. Y., on Tuesday, Novemb BULLARD-At Dedham, Mass., on October 31, 1896, Mary BULLARD—At Dednam, Mass. of the late William Bullard.
COWDREY—On November 1, 1896, Samuel F. Cowdrey, in the Sith year of his age.
Funeral from his late residence. New-Rochelle, N. T., on Wednerday afternoon, November 4, at 3:45 o'clock.
Carriages will be in waiting on arrival of train leaving Grand Central Depot at 3:08, via New-Haven Railroad.
EDWARDS—At No. 65 East 10th-et., on Monday morning, November 2, Mary G. Edwards, widow of A. H. P. Edwards, and daughter of the late Nathaniel L. Geiswoold.

wold. Am daspare from her late residence at 16 o'clock Wednesday merning. November 4.
GRANT—At Mohegan, N. Y., on Sunday afternoon, Chaplotte Louisa, widow of James Grant, and daughter of the late John H. Williams, of this city.
Funeral services at All Souls Church, Madison-ave, and 66th-st., on Wednesday morning, November 4, at 11:30 o'clock.

68th-st., on wednesday information of clock.
It is kindly requested that no flowers be sent.

HAMILTON—On November 3, 1896, Richard Hamilton, president of the Howery Bank of New-York.

Funeral services at his late residence, No. 506 Clinton-ave, Brooklyn, Wednesday evening, at 8 o'clock.

HAWKINS—On Monday, November 2, Charles Henry Hawkins, in his 65th year.

Funeral services at his late residence, Rochelle Park, New-Rochelle, N. Y., on Wednesday evening, at 8 o'clock. o'clock.

Priends of the family are invited to attend.

Interment at convenience of family.

Priends of the family are invited to attend.
Interment at convenience of family.

MANICE—On the 3d inst, at Queens, Long Island, De
Forest, son of William De F. and the late Josephine L.
Manice, in the 34th year of his age.
Notice of funeral hereafter.

MASON—On Monday, November 2, at his residence, No.
749 West End-ave. of pneumonia, Alfred Henry Mason, aged 53 years.
Funeral services at St. Michael's Church, 99th-st. and
Amsterdam-ave., Wednesday, November 4th, instant, at
4 o'clock p. m.
Friends and members of the Society of Chemical Industry,
American Chemical Saciety, College of Pharmacy and
St. George's Society are invited to attend.
Montreal and English papers please copy.

MASON—On Monday, November 2, Charles il. Mason,
aged 82 years.
Funeral services at the residence of his daughter, Mrs.
R. P. Cooper, No 125 First Place, Brooklys,
Wednesday, November 4, at 2 p. m.
Interment private.

MILLER-At Albany, N. Y., November 2, 1896, Ernest J.

MILLER—At Albany, N. Y., November 2, 1886, Ernest 3, Miller.
Funeral Thursday morning at 11 o'clock from his residence, Albany.

PELOUBET—Suddenly, at home, Bloomfield, N. J., Movember 2, Samuel Peloubet, in his Sist year.

Funeral from his late residence, No. 270 Believille-ave., on Thursday, 5th inst., on arrival of 1:50 p. m. train on N. Y. & G. L. R. R., foot Chamber-st., New-York.

RIDDLB—Suddenly, of heart failure, Monday evening, Movember 2, John Rildle.

Funeral services at his late residence, No. 215 West 21st., on Wednesday evening, November 4, at 8 o'clock. Interment at convenience of family.

Please omit flowers.

RILEY—At Hartford, Conn., on October 30, 1896, Claumes.

ROCK-On November 3, Elisa L., beloved wife of Matthias Rock, aged 37 years.
Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral service at her late residence, No. 31 East 57th-st., on Thursday afternoon, at 1 o'clock.
London and Parls papers please copy.
Interment at Woodlawn.

Interment at Woodiawn.
RUBEL—Suddenly, at Zurich, Switserland, November 2,
Mrs. August Rubel, beloved mother of Alexander Rubel.
STORRS—Nayember 1, 1896, at the residence of her sonin-law, Francis W. Haynes, 446 Greene-ave., Brooklys,
Lora Lee. widow of Royal Otis Storrs, of Dedham,
Mass., in her dist year.
Funeral Wednesday evening, November 4, at 8 o'clock.
Interment at Storrs, Conn.
WESSON—At Cortland, N. Y., October 30, Dorothy Adams
WESSON—At Cortland, N. Y., October 30, Dorothy Adams WESSON-At Cortland, N. Y., October 30, Dorothy Adams

WOODLAWN CEMETERY.
Office No. 20 E. 23d-st.
Woodlawn Station (24th Ward) Harlem Railroad.

Special Notices.

Artificial Teeth.—Highest award at World's Fair, three medals American Institute, were granted Dr. Deane, Dentist, 654 Lexington-ave., corner 65th-61. Sepression of mouth restored. Crown and bridge work. ASTOR PLACE.

Branches: 420 Fifth Ave. and 120 Broadwa
Books delivered to all parts of the city.

the new Japanese perfume of the Crown Per London. Sold everywhere. Simply delicious

Fowler & Wells Co., Phrenologists, of 27 East Mid-treet, near Broadway, will tell you.